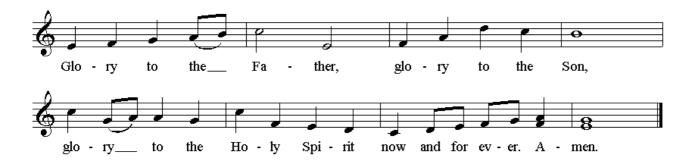
the Year of Faith



The need to renew faith, and to find more memorable ways of expressing it, is not really something new. We can look back to Old Testament times ('Listen, O Israel: the Lord your God is the one Lord, and you must love the Lord.......' and 'This is what the Lord asks of you, this, only this: to act justly, love tenderly and walk humbly with your God'), and to the early Church and the Letters of St Paul, and later to the 3rd and 4th century hymns of people such as St Hilary of Poitiers and St Ambrose of Milan who wrote their hymns to help people to understand and express their faith, and who often added a final verse (The Doxology) in praise of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit (such as the *Glory to the Father* seen above.



The Nicene Creed and the Apostles Creed are familiar to us through their use in the liturgy and they have played a very significant part in Christian history, summarising, as they do, the basic tenets of what we believe. Yet, in a way, they are like a devout shopping list, and if we get careless in how we recite them we could find ourselves

treating them like venerable historic formulae! They were created to meet specific historic needs – (the need for a Profession of Faith at the celebration of baptism, or in response to the Arian crisis of the 4th century) and they didn't just appear out of nothing, for their sources can be found within the scriptures.

In the scriptures there are many examples of 'creeds' or formulas or hymns or verses which were used in the early church to express what the Christians believed. These Creed formulas or biblical songs, such as the three printed here, are very useful additions to our repertoires for the Year of Faith: they express what Christians believed about Christ in the middle of the 1st century AD. They have their own new tunes but work very well with traditional ones.

Canticle from the Letter to the Colossians *tune Alleluia sing (Hyfrydol).* Words (c) Stephen Smyth.

Let's give thanks to God our Father who allows us all to share in the joys of all the saints who live in light, as God's true heirs. God has brought us out of darkness to the kingdom of his Son: Jesus is God's most beloved who redeems us from our sin.

Jesus shows the face of God who can't be grasped by human eye. Jesus is the first expression of God's love that unifies. For in Jesus God created all we see and understand: all in Jesus, all for Jesus, Jesus forms creation's plan.

Jesus is the head of God's Church; Jesus first in all the earth; first to rise beyond the grave and first in ev'rything of worth; for in Jesus all the fullness of our God has taken flesh; heav'n and earth will come to wholeness through the saving blood of Christ.

The Canticle from the Letter to the Ephesians (1:3-10) words © Brother Stephen E Smyth. Tune Christ be Beside Me (Bunessan)

We bless the God and Father of Jesus for he has blessed us freely in Christ. He chose to lavish spiritual blessings from highest heaven. All this through Christ.

Long before founding all of creation, God made his plan and chose us in Christ, that we be holy, blameless and loving, children adopted. All this through Christ.

God's will is always that we might love him, source of all graces, witnessed in Christ; love manifested, gift of redemption, pardon for sinners. All this through Christ.

Out of his wisdom God chose to tell us his loving purpose set forth in Christ: Time has its fullness, God and creation will be united. All this through Christ.



Icon from St Catherine's, Sinai. 6th c

Though Jesus Christ: Canticle from Philippians 2:6-11

The canticle has its own tune but also fits Plaisir d'amour

Canticle: Though Jesus Christ

tune: Plaisir d'amour



Though Jesus Christ was in the form of God, he did not count such equality to be grasped.

Instead, he freely emptied out himself, and took the form of a servant, was born like us.

In human form he chose humility, and gave himself up to dying upon a cross.

Because of this our God exalted him, and raised him gave him a name above every name.

At Jesus' name now every knee should bow be they in heav'n or on earth or creation's depths.

When the canticle is used for Morning or Evening Prayer the Doxology below may be added. (All glory be to God, the Three in One, The Father, Son, Holy Spirit, for evermore.)

The Doxology: Glory to the Father . . .

A **doxology** (from the Greek $\delta\delta\xi\alpha$ [doxa] "glory" + $-\lambda$ 0 γ (α [-logia], "saying") is a short hymn of praise to God, often added to the end of canticles, psalms, and hymns. The tradition derives from a similar practice in the Jewish synagogue, where some version of the Kaddish serves to terminate each section of the service.

Among Christian traditions a doxology is typically a sung expression of praise to the Holy Trinity, the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit. It is common in hymns for the final stanza to take the form of a doxology. Doxologies occur in the Eucharistic prayers, the Liturgy of the Hours, and in hymns as well as in various Catholic devotions such as novenas and the Rosary.



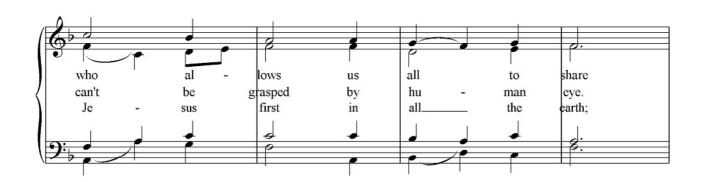
Glory be to God who has shown us the light

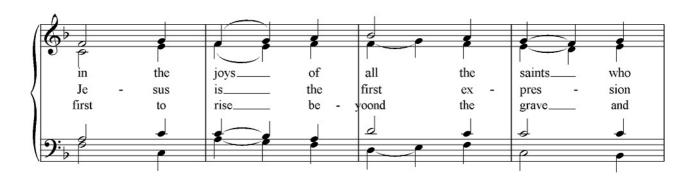


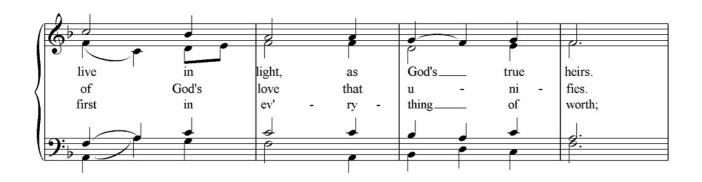
Canticle: Colossians 1:12-20

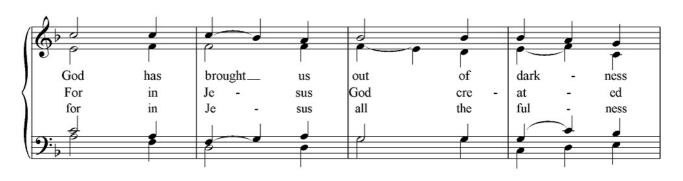
tune: Alleluia Sing to Jesus

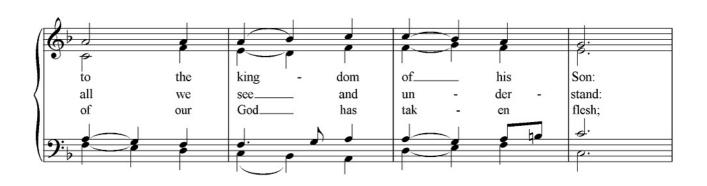


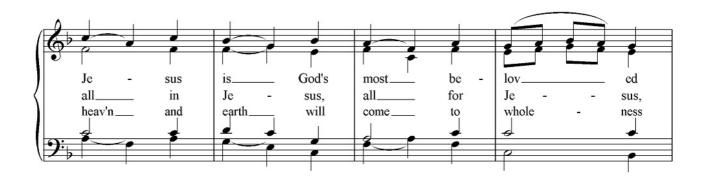


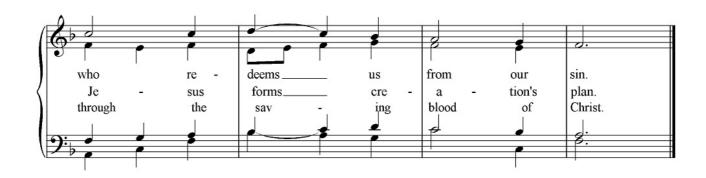






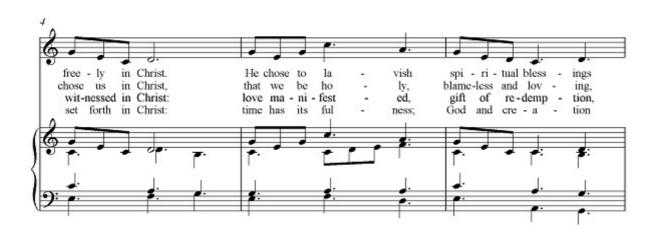


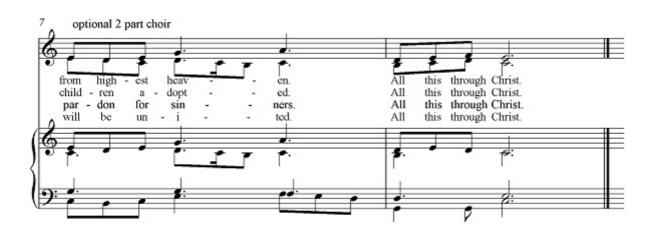




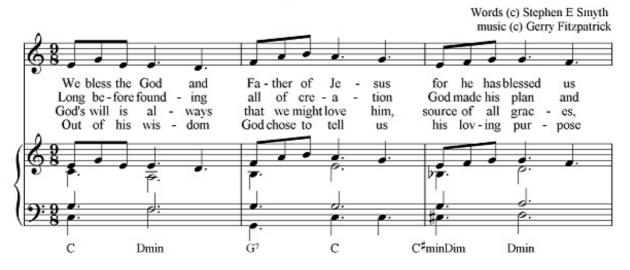
Canticle: Ephesians 1: 3ss

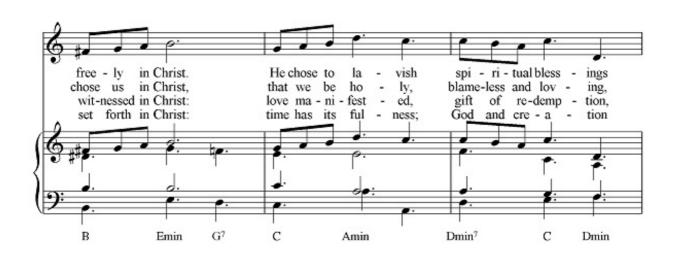


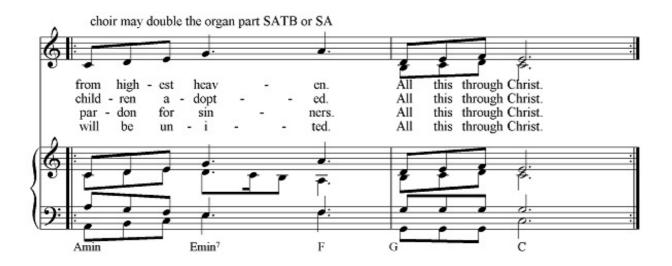




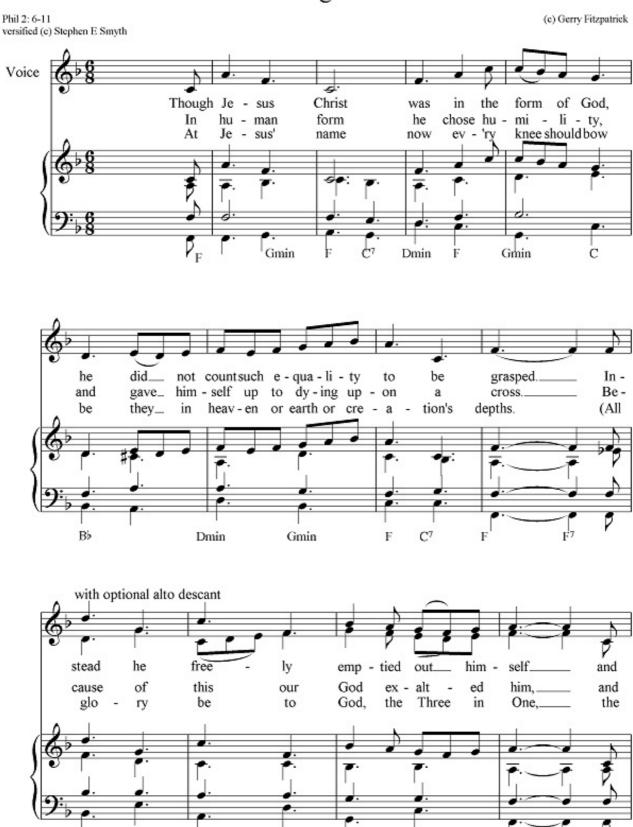
Canticle: Ephesians 1: 3...







Canticle: Though Jesus Christ



Dmin

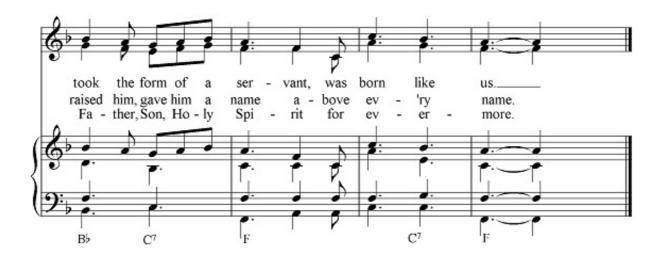
Gmin

Gmin

Вδ

Amin

 C^7



There is one Lord: Taize

